

Evidence based practice leads to closer teaching collaboration between librarians and researchers

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Structured Template for Presentation of EBLIP5 Posters/Papers

Informative Title ¹	Evidence	e based practice leads to closer teaching
	collabora	tion between librarians and researchers.
Full Title	Evidence	based practice to enhance collaborative working:
	Bridging	the gap between researchers and librarians as
	teachers	using the concept of constructive alignment as a
	common	framework in a postgraduate course.
Focused Question	S2	Faculty of Medicine at Lund University, Sweden.
	P^3	Multidisciplinary teaching team of different
		professionals, i.e. researchers, librarians
	I ⁴	A case study: the adaption of an evidence based
		approach and practice to successfully design and
		develop a one week postgraduate course
		"Scientific Communication".
	C ⁵	
	E ⁶	Evaluation methods included summative course
		evaluation with focus on student's learning in
		relation to the intended learning outcomes.
		Reflective practice and use of the method "critical
		friend", and adaption of learning and teaching
		theories and the concept "constructive alignment"
		as a common framework.

-

¹ Short title that gives the "bottom line" main results of your study in a single sentence (e.g. "Young university researchers use Google heavily but have little contact with the Library)

² SETTING – Where was the Research conducted? (E.g. Swedish University Library)

³ PERSPECTIVE – What was the main Perspective adopted? e.g. Professionals, Users, Managers, Commissioners, Service Providers etcetera (e.g. Young University Researchers)

⁴ INTERVENTION – What was actually done/delivered/provided/investigated? (e.g. Use of Google)

⁵ COMPARISON – What were the alternatives to the Intervention or Method Used? (e.g. Use of the Library)

⁶ EVALUATION – How were the Outcomes/Impact/Effects Measured? (e.g. Frequency of Use; Proficiency of Use etcetera)

OBJECTIVE⁷

The objective of this paper is to discuss the experience of working evidence based in developing a compulsory postgraduate one-week course "Scientific Communication", organized by the Library and ICT unit of the Faculty of Medicine upon assignment of the Postgraduate Education Committee of the Faculty of Medicine.

The intention of the course, launched in 2007, was to create a coherent picture of scientific communication in theory and practice, thus avoiding the course to become a series of independent lectures and hands-on training.

METHODS

Most teachers in the teaching team have undergone an advanced course in Teaching and Learning in Higher Education at the Faculty of Medicine Centre for Teaching and Learning. The learning theories presented in the course, with emphasize on Biggs´ concept of constructive alignment, formed a starting point for pedagogical discussions and further development. Constructive alignment is a method used in course design for planning teaching and learning activities and assessment tasks that are coherent with the intended learning outcomes. We worked strategically with this course development module as an intellectual and methodical baseline. Two exam reports from the advanced course in Teaching and Learning in Higher Education written by two of the librarians formed the basis for reflection, action and discussion.

In order to enhance collaborative work and improve the course, we continually used the method of group based self reflection in the teaching team. A final course evaluation is used to get feedback on the students' own perception of

⁷ For guidance see http://research.mlanet.org/structured_abstract.html

their learning and the overall "constructive alignment" in the course. Educational developers are consulted regularly. Recently the model of critical friends was introduced and used by some of the teaching team members to stimulate professional development and peer teaching. Critical Friends are peers or colleagues who ask probing questions and offer helpful critique.

RESULTS

Bridging the gap between researchers and librarians as teachers using the pedagogical method of constructive alignment as a common framework has proven very fruitful, both in establishing a common language regarding pedagogical issues and improving the quality of the course. Self reflection in the teaching team and course evaluation has resulted in altering the aimed learning outcomes, assessment strategies, and the design of the evaluation form. The method of working with a critical friend has facilitated a common understanding of the course.

CONCLUSION

Evidence based practice is essential for innovative processes. The evidence based approach and practice has led to closer partnerships and teaching collaboration between librarians and researchers. Teaching librarians in any field need to work in close collaboration with faculty and educational consultants. Collaborative work is essential in delivering improved services and courses.

IMPLICATIONS	0	Health services / teaching li	brarians' edu	cation and		
FOR CURRENT		continued learning within high	gher education	on models,		
PRACTITIONERS	praxis and theories are needed.					
	0	Importance of close collabo	ration with p	rofessionals		
		and educational consultants	outside of the	ne library		
		unit in developing courses.				
	0	Changing patterns of course	e design and	teaching		
		support need to be consider	red.			
IMPLICATIONS	 The short - and long term - effect of collaboration 					
FOR FUTURE	with professionals and educational consultants					
RESEARCHERS		outside of the library unit in developing				
		courses/learning support mi	ght become	important to		
		look at more extensively in future research.				
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