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State-of-the-art capabilities in LPJ-GUESS

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2022

Document Version: Other version

Link to publication

Citation for published version (APA): Eckes-Shephard, A., Nieradzik, L., Pugh, T., Gustafson, A., Lindeskog, M., Wårlind, D., Smith, B., Olin, S., Papastefanou, P., & Pongrácz, A. (2022). *State-of-the-art capabilities in LPJ-GUESS*.

Total number of authors: 10

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State-of-the-art capabilities in LPJ-GUESS

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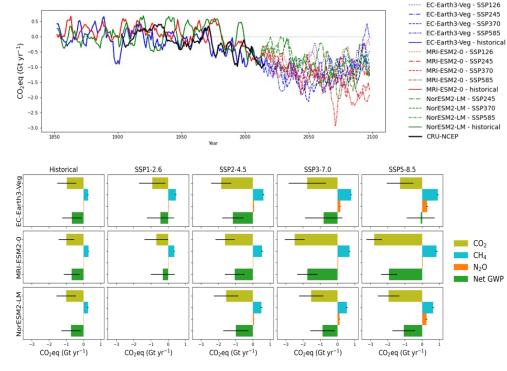
Department of Physical Geography and Ecosystem Science Lund University, 223 62 Lund, Sweden

Overview

LPJ-GUESS is an advanced DGVM including detailed forest demography and management, croplands, wetlands, specialised arctic processes, emissions of non-CO₂ GHGs and a highly flexible land-use change scheme which tracks transitions between different land-uses. It is the vegetation component of the EC-Earth CMIP6 ESM, the RCA-GUESS regional ESM, and also has a European mode operating at tree species level.

Dedicated high-latitude features

- High-latitude shrub and tundra PFTs
- Peatland PFTs and biogeochemistry, incl. CH₄
- Improved soil physics and biogeochemistry, including permafrost, wetland hydrology, soil N₂O emissions



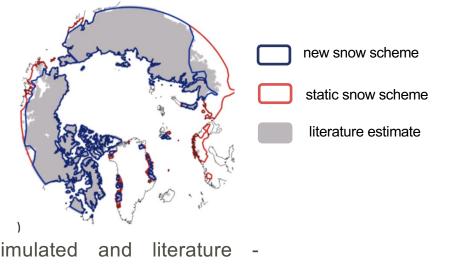
Simulated annual CO₂-eq indicate an increased sink for a domain containing land points north of 60°N, from 1850-2100. Forcing from three bias-corrected CMIP6 ESMs and CRU-NCEP for reference.

Decadal-averaged CO₂, CH₄, N₂O and net CO₂-eq for the historical and end-ofcentury periods, showing that the net emissions are both ESM and SSPdependent but uptake is greater in the warmer scenarios (Gustafson et al. in prep.)

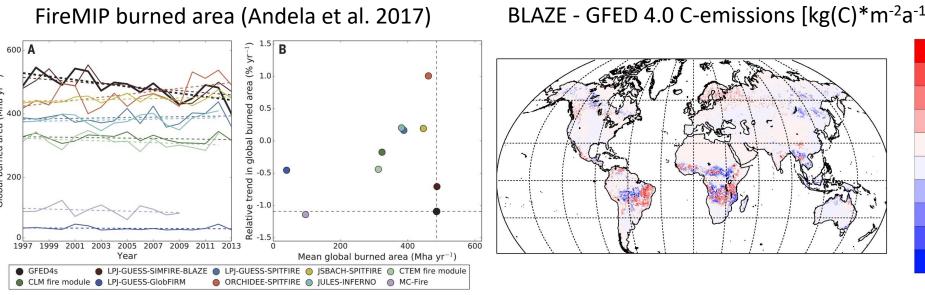
• Annual CO₂-eq estimates indicate an increased sink, with increased CO₂ uptake (treeline advance, increased tree and shrub growth) only partially counteracted by greater respiration and CH₄ and N₂O emissions

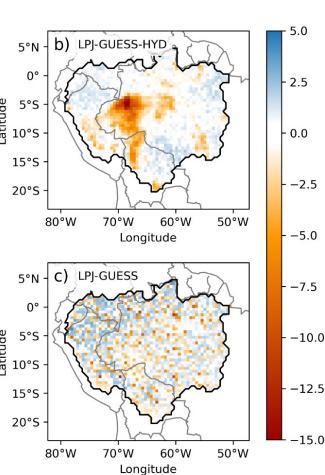
Arctic cold-season focus:

- Dynamic, multi-layer snow scheme
- Improved permafrost extent
- Improved near-surface soil temperature

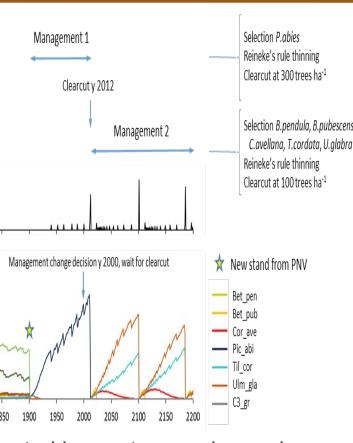








Forest management



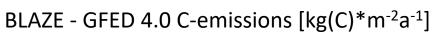
Automated harvest examples and management changes.

- Forest initialization: Land-use history, species & age structure
- Harvest alternatives: Clearcut w. thinnings/ continuous
- Automated/ fixed (detailed)
- Management change

Fire dynamics

The wildfire model SIMFIRE-BLAZE provides • Daily burned-area and C,N turnover • Fire-line Intensity (FLI) based on fuels and fire-weather

Biome specific tree-mortality based on allometry and FLI Combustion completeness depending on FLI



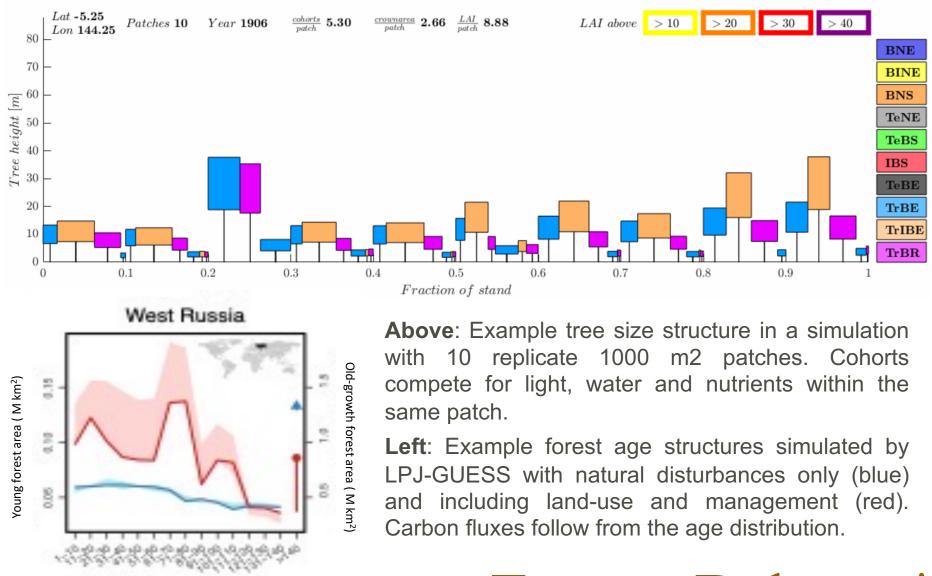
Plant hydraulics*

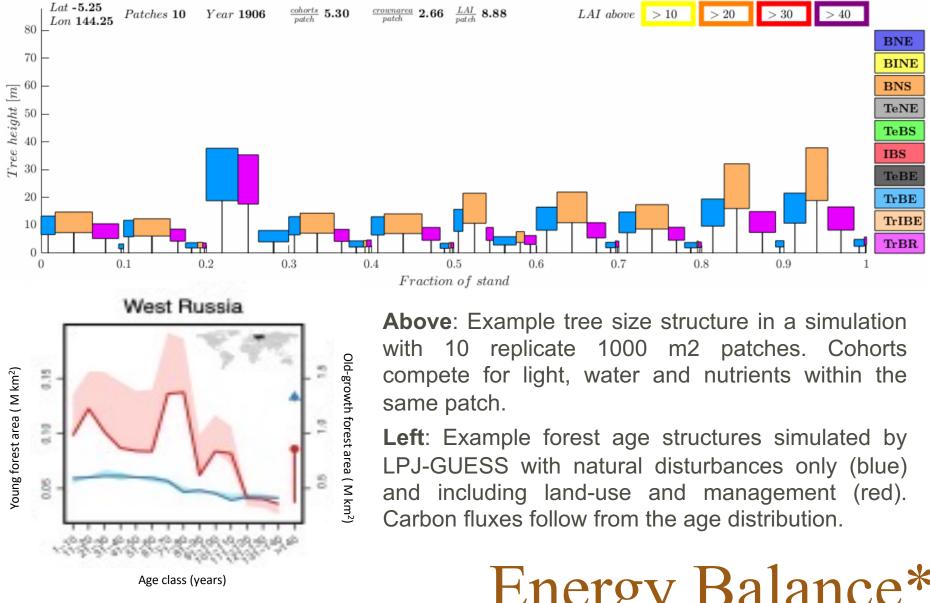
- Based on Darcy's law and the water supply-demand principle
- Simulates different plant hydraulic behavior (e.g., early vs late stomatal closure) under drought stress
- New mechanistic drought induced tree mortality based on hydraulic failure

Impact of the 2005 drought event on the Amazon basin. Top: Simulated net change in aboveground biomass of LPJ-GUESS with new hydraulic architecture. **Bottom**: Simulated net change in aboveground biomass of standard LPJ-GUESS

* Not included in release 4.1.

- and functional type





New surface energy balance feature allows use as full Land surface model

Networks of sensible (red) and latent (blue) heat exchange between the ground surface, the canopy and the atmosphere in the patch. Light green indicates the sunlit fraction of the cohorts, dark green the shaded fraction

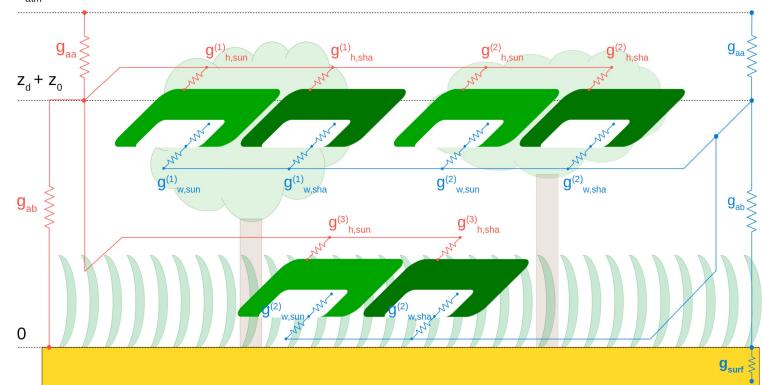
-0.05

-0.1

-0.15

Full Atm-Canopy-Surface energy balance closure, coupling to regional climate model, BVOCs, P cycling, daily plant carbon allocation, flexible multi-layer OM-scheme.

We welcome collaborations for application of features under active development or new feature development. Please contact lpj-guess@nateko.lu.se







Detailed forest demography

• Direct competition between tree cohorts of different sizes

• Explicit representation of stand age due to disturbance. (fire, wind, beetle) or land-use change

Energy Balance*

Other developments, usage and collaboration

